

Blue Shield International: Annual Plan 2021

	Area of Activity	2021
1	Co-ordination – of Blue Shield members and <i>with</i> partner organisations	<p>1.1] Encourage and support all national committees to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [a] confirm adherence to the Blue Shield Approach, Rules and principles, and Ethics and complete reaccreditation in advance of the Extraordinary General Assembly scheduled to take place in August/September 2021. [b] complete 2020 annual reports. [c] complete strategic plans for 2020-23. [d] complete annual plans for 2021. [e] use standard slide package about Blue Shield. <p>1.2] Continue to support the accreditation of new committees.</p> <p>1.3] Work with the national committee of the Czech Republic to organise the 2021 Extraordinary General Assembly.</p> <p>1.4] Continue to hold bi-monthly meetings of the BSI Board with alternate meetings of the Bureau.</p> <p>1.5] Continue to produce the bi-monthly Blue Shield newsletter.</p> <p>1.6] Continue to manage, maintain, and up-date the BSI website.</p> <p>1.7] Develop improved communications with national committees.</p> <p>1.8] Develop and sign formal agreements with</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [a] UNESCO [b] The Smithsonian [c] Biladi/Blue Shield Lebanon <p>1.9] Work to develop a series of events to mark the 25th anniversary of the creation of the Blue Shield.</p> <p>1.10] If appropriate, work with Newcastle University in its aspiration to establish a University Centre in CPP & P (that might include medium or long-term Secretariat support for BSI).</p> <p>1.11] Develop a separate fundraising initiative for BSI activities.</p>
2	Capacity building activities, education and training	<p>2.1] Covide-19 allowing, continue to contribute to training and exercises organised by multi-national (e.g. NATO, European/Coping with Culture) armed forces relating to CPP.</p> <p>2.2] Continue to work with and train those armed forces who deploy as UN Peacekeepers to refine and enhance training materials, including [a] a possible one-week course at the UN School in Ireland and [b] another training programme for UNIFIL officers.</p>

		<p>2.3] Work with partners (NATO, CIMIC Centre of Excellence etc.) to develop collaborative training and educational materials for the heritage sector and armed forces for CPP in armed conflict.</p> <p>2.4] Investigate potential of on-line peer-reviewed publications.</p>
3	Legal compliance, policy, and their implementation	<p>3.1] Support UNESCO in encouraging & supporting better implementation of the 1954HC by all States Parties, and the UN Security Council Resolutions.</p> <p>3.2] Take an active role in meetings of the 1954 HC Bureau and Committee.</p> <p>3.3] Offer support to Blue Shield national committees whose governments have not ratified all three parts of the 1954 HC to encourage them to do so as quickly as possible.</p> <p>3.4] Support Blue Shield national committees to encourage their governments to comply with their legal responsibilities under the 1954 HC and UN SCRs.</p> <p>3.5] Formalise BSI policies in regard to the 1954 Hague Convention and Protocols.</p> <p>3.6] Monitor the activity of the new BSI Working Group on Trafficking of Cultural Property.</p> <p>3.7] Support the ratification and implementation of international conventions related to the fight against illicit trafficking of cultural property (in particular: 1970 UNESCO Convention, 1995 UNIDROIT Convention, and Council of Europe Nicosia Convention).</p> <p>3.8] Develop policies with regards to the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction.</p>
4	Proactive protection and risk preparedness	<p>4.1] Begin to develop BSI Policy regarding proactive protection measures and support national committees in this area as required with educational and training materials.</p> <p>4.2] Begin to develop closer links with partners (e.g. UNESCO, ICOM, ICOMOS, IFLA, ICA, and ICCROM) regarding risk preparedness.</p>
5	Stabilisation, post-disaster recovery, & long-term /ongoing activities	<p>5.1] Continue to work with partners (e.g. ICRC and other humanitarian organisations, UNESCO, ICOM, ICOMOS, IFLA, ICA, and ICCROM, and the military) on how CPP might better be incorporated with stabilisation and post-armed conflict/disaster recovery.</p>
6	Emergency response in disaster, domestic emergencies, and armed conflict	<p>6.1] Support and monitor the work of the new Working Group on Emergency Response asking for a Report at the Extraordinary General Assembly in 2021.</p>