



**Georgian National Committee of the Blue Shield (GNCBS)**  
**Strategic Plan 2021- 2026**

Priority (1 is highest)	Area of Activity (In no Order)	Objectives (2021)	Probable Objectives (2022-2026)
<b>2</b>	Legal compliance, policy, and their implementation	<p>2.1. Advise the government on how to implement the 1954 Hague Convention its Protocols for the protection of CP in Georgia’s occupied territories</p> <p>2.2. Advise the government on the preparation of policies for DRM for cultural heritage.</p>	<p>2.1. Advise the government on implementation of the 1954 Hague Convention and both Protocols;</p> <p>2.2. Provide support for and advise relevant national bodies regarding ongoing delivery of their responsibilities under frameworks and policies such as the Sustainable Development Goals, and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction;</p> <p>2.3. Work with the Blue Shield International to develop Blue Shield policies, approaches and initiatives at the international level, and adapt and implement national versions of those policies;</p> <p>2.4. Provide support for and advise relevant national bodies regarding the development of civilian, military, and other policy and doctrine relating to CPP.</p>
<b>5</b>	Emergency response	<p>5.1. Be ready to mobilize a small group of trained volunteers to engage in the emergency response;</p>	<p>5.1. Remind national government of their responsibilities under international law and international agreements (such as the 1954 Hague Convention, Sustainable Development Goals, and Universal Declaration on Archives) to protect CP in the event of armed conflict and environmental disaster.</p> <p>5.2. Be prepared to directly monitor CP and, if necessary, to collect evidence relating to its destruction for later use in criminal prosecutions, and/or to aid other appropriate</p>



			<p>bodies to do so as required, supported by the Blue Shield International Board as appropriate / required;</p> <p>5.3. Encourage research into CPP, and host/organise seminars, workshops, and conferences relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CPP methods</li> <li>- CPP developments</li> <li>- Risks to heritage relating to conflict and disaster</li> <li>- Methods of damage mitigation that can be applied by heritage specialists, partner organisations, and the armed forces, in order to develop better CPP practice.</li> </ul>
6	Stabilisation, post-disaster recovery, and long-term/ongoing support activities	<p>6.1. Promote national and international law relating to CPP, and provide advice on implementation to relevant partners;</p> <p>6.2. Raise awareness among relevant partners about the need for peacetime preparation for CPP during armed conflict.</p>	<p>6.1. Work with national partners during a post-conflict stabilisation period, post-disaster recovery, and long-term deployments (e.g. peacekeeping) to carry out the specific roles and responsibilities already identified as appropriate for the national Blue Shield committee;</p> <p>6.2. Be prepared to continue to monitor CP and, if necessary, collect evidence relating to its destruction for later use in criminal prosecutions, and/or to aid other appropriate bodies to do so as required, supported by the Blue Shield International Board as required.</p> <p>6.3. Developing long-term working relationships with all relevant possible partners active in the event of domestic emergencies, disasters, peacekeeping deployment and armed conflict.</p>
1	Capacity building activities, education, and training	<p>1.1. Raise awareness of CPP with specialist groups, the general public, educational groups, and the media about the importance of CPP, advocating the work of the Blue Shield and its ethical principles.</p> <p>1.2. Publish the ICCROM FAC Handbook and Toolkit in Georgian language and distribute among museums and heritage site managers</p>	<p>1.1. Identify existing educational materials, translate into Georgian language and adapt into specific national materials for education and training on the subjects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Disaster Risk Preparedness and DRM plans for museums and cultural heritage sites;</li> </ul>



		<p>1.3. Draft the first-ever DRM plan for Gori Museum of Ethnography and History;</p> <p>1.4. Based on the experience of Gori Museum DRM, prepare a practical manual for the use of small museums on how to prepare DRM plans</p> <p>1.5. Conduct a FAC training for museum professionals from 12 museums of the Shida Karti region (across the occupation line)</p>	<p>- Civil-military cooperation best practices for the protection of cultural heritage in times of armed conflict;</p> <p>- Stabilizing heritage sites and movable collections.</p> <p>1.2. Conduct joint trainings with the respective stakeholders (emergency services, heritage authorities, museum staff, immovable heritage site managers, military) on cultural first aid;</p> <p>1.3. Develop a group of BS volunteers, have regular trainings for them in cultural first aid and ensure the group's certification;</p> <p>1.4. Contribute to international training initiatives developed by the Blue Shield and other relevant partners.</p>
3	Proactive protection and risk preparedness	<p>3.1. Work proactively with national partners to identify specific roles and responsibilities for GNCBS in the event of identified threats, establishing a national role for the Blue Shield as a critical organisation relating to CPP.</p> <p>3.2. Plan and conduct a joint civil-military exercise for the protection of CPP during armed conflict</p>	<p>3.1. Raise awareness of appropriate resources, methodologies, training courses, and legislative structures for responding to identified threats;</p> <p>3.2. Work with all relevant national partners to identify and prioritise CP in the event of identified threats;</p> <p>3.3. Work with national heritage organisations and other relevant partners to establish a national inventory of CP for protection in the event of armed conflict or environmental disaster, based on best practice international guidelines, acting as the co-ordinating body if required;</p> <p>3.4. Work with national heritage organisations and the military to develop a no-strike list for Georgia;</p> <p>3.5. Work with national heritage organisations and other relevant partners to promote the use of the Special and Enhanced Protection regimes in the 1954 Hague Convention and Protocols for high priority CP to be protected.</p>



			3.6. Work with others involved in disaster planning to ensure that CPP is fully integrated in national, regional, local, and specific disaster risk reduction plans, disaster plans, and other risk mitigation strategies for dealing with emergencies.
4	Co-ordination - of Blue Shield and with partner organisations	4.1. Continue existing cooperation and partnerships and seek partners to cooperate with and support the work of GNCBS	4.1. Continue and seek new partnerships and cooperation opportunities locally and internationally; 4.2. Cooperate with relevant groups in the Caucasus region as well as wider EU Eastern Partnership (EaP) region; 4.3. Continue and deepen cooperation with Georgia Red Cross Society, the EU Monitoring Mission and the ICRC in Georgia.

Date plan agreed: 31\_\_ / 03/ 2021

Agreed by: The Chairperson of GNCBS, Manana Tevzadze

Date of review: \_\_\_ / \_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_

Reviewed by: